

Intensionality, Intensional Recursion, and the Gödel-Löb axiom

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What this talk is about

- It is about using **modal logic**, to present a **typing discipline** for **programs-as-data**.
- It is about investigating the central rule/axiom of **provability logic** in this setting.

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intensional
recursion

Programs-as-data

- More than just 'functions as first-class-citizens.'
 - The **extensional paradigm**: a program can call a functional argument *at a finite set of points*.
- Instead, very close to the idea of **Gödel numbering**.
 - The **intensional paradigm**: a program can inspect the source code of its functional argument, and can do rather arbitrary things with it (inspect, simulate, deconstruct, count its symbols...).
- Non-functional operations.
- Homoiconicity: when one does not need coding at all; e.g. LISP.

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How can we do this in a **typed, well-structured, safe, coding-free** manner?

Intensional Recursion

- A very strong kind of recursion, discovered by Kleene in 1938. For CS, lost in the mists of time (Abramsky).
- In the **untyped λ -calculus**:

First Recursion Theorem $\forall f \in \Lambda. \exists u \in \Lambda. u = f u$

Second Recursion Theorem $\forall f \in \Lambda. \exists u \in \Lambda. u = f \ulcorner u \urcorner$

Enumeration Theorem $\exists \mathbf{E} \in \Lambda. \forall u \in \Lambda^0. \mathbf{E} \ulcorner u \urcorner = u$

Given EN, the SRT implies the FRT, hence it is stronger.

But what does it really do?

Types for Intensionality

- Strangely, intensionality follows a typing discipline.
- Suppose $u : A$; let's say $\ulcorner u \urcorner : \Box A$
- Then well-known combinators of λ -calculus that perform operations on Gödel numbers acquire types; e.g.

$$\mathbf{gnum} \ulcorner M \urcorner = \ulcorner \ulcorner M \urcorner \urcorner \qquad \mathbf{E} \ulcorner M \urcorner = M$$

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It's **S4**!

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Prospectus

- We will first revisit Davies & Pfenning's **S4**.
- We will add **intensional operations** to it.
- Then we will add **intensional recursion**.
- The resulting system is called **Intensional PCF**.

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THEOREM.

'Full' reduction of Intensional PCF is **confluent**.
Hence, Intensional PCF is consistent.

I. Curry-Howard and **S4**

Curry-Howard

Annotate sequents with **proof terms** (= 'summary' of derivation).

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash A \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash B \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma \vdash A \wedge B & \xrightarrow{\text{red}} & \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash M : A \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash N : B \end{array} \\
 & & \hline
 & & \Gamma \vdash \langle M, N \rangle : A \times B \\
 & & \vdots \\
 \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash A \times B \end{array} & \xrightarrow{\text{red}} & \begin{array}{c} \hline \Gamma \vdash M : A \times B \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma \vdash A & & \hline
 \Gamma \vdash \pi_1(M) : A
 \end{array}$$

$$\pi_1(\langle M, N \rangle) \rightarrow M$$

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$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma, A \vdash B \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B \\ \vdots \end{array} & \xrightarrow{\text{red}} & \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma, x : A \vdash M : B \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \lambda x.M : A \rightarrow B \\ \vdots \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{c} \vdots \quad \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash A \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash B \end{array} & \xrightarrow{\text{red}} & \begin{array}{c} \vdots \quad \vdots \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash M : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash N : A \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash MN : B \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$(\lambda x.M)N \rightarrow M[N/x]$$

Dual-context systems

- A kind of natural deduction with **two contexts**, introduced by Girard, developed by many over the 1990s (Davies and Pfenning, Andreoli, Wadler, Barber and Plotkin, ...)
- Judgments:

$$\Delta ; \Gamma \vdash M : A$$

modal assumptions  intuitionistic assumptions 

In our setting $\Delta =$ code/intensional variables,
 $\Gamma =$ value/extension variables.

The Modal Rules

$$\frac{\Delta ; \cdot \vdash M : A}{\Delta ; \Gamma \vdash \text{box } M : \Box A} (\Box\mathcal{I})$$

$$\frac{}{\Delta, u:A, \Delta' ; \Gamma \vdash u : A} (\Box\text{var})$$

$$\frac{\Delta ; \Gamma \vdash M : \Box A \quad \Delta, u:A ; \Gamma \vdash N : C}{\Delta ; \Gamma \vdash \text{let box } u \Leftarrow M \text{ in } N : C} (\Box\mathcal{E})$$

- Hiding Δ , it looks just like simply-typed λ -calculus.
- This is augmented with the reduction

$$\text{let box } u \Leftarrow \text{box } M \text{ in } N \longrightarrow N[M/u]$$

The Modal Rules

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THEOREM (Davies-Pfenning). This system captures **S4**; satisfies all the expected structural rules; and is confluent and strongly normalising.

$$\text{let box } u \Leftarrow \text{box } M \text{ in } N \longrightarrow N[M/u]$$

Example

$\mathbf{app} \equiv \lambda f. \lambda x. \text{let box } u \Leftarrow f \text{ in let box } v \Leftarrow x \text{ in box } (u \ v)$

$\vdash \mathbf{app} : \Box(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \Box A \rightarrow \Box B$

$\mathbf{app} (\text{box } F)(\text{box } M) \longrightarrow^* \text{box } (FM)$

S4

- Davies and Pfenning defined the above system for **homogeneous, staged metaprogramming** (POPL 1996), which was also implemented and tested.
- The purpose of that language was to separate the **static** and **dynamic** phases: some (modal) things would happen at compile-time, some (intuitionistic) things at run-time.
- But, even though mentioned in the paper (MSCS 2001), **intensionality** is completely absent! Everything is functional.

II. Intensional operations

Intensional Operations

The quintessential example: **is the term an application?**

is-app (box PQ) \rightarrow true

is-app (box M) \rightarrow false if $M \neq PQ$

This function can almost be considered a **criterion of intensionality**.

Intensional Operations: first attempt

- Let's suppose **any** function on terms $f : \mathcal{T}(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(B)$ can be included as a constant $\tilde{f} : \Box A \rightarrow \Box B$

$$\tilde{f}(\text{box } M) \rightarrow \text{box } f(M)$$

This is not confluent.

let box $u \Leftarrow \text{box } PQ$ in **is-app** (box u)

is-app (box PQ)

↓
true

let box $u \Leftarrow \text{box } PQ$ in false

↓
false

Intensional Operations, second attempt

- The problem: $M \longrightarrow N$ yet $M[P/u] \not\longrightarrow N[P/u]$
- Violated because of constants like **is-app**.
- How to fix? Consider **substitutive** intensional operations $f : \mathcal{T}(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(B)$ such that $f(N[P/u]) \equiv f(N)[P/u]$
- Indeed a fix. But a standard **naturality argument** yields
$$f(P) \equiv f(u[P/u]) \equiv f(u)[P/u]$$
- So already defined by $\tilde{f} = \lambda x. \text{let box } u \leftarrow x \text{ in box } f(u)$
$$\tilde{f}(\text{box } M) \longrightarrow^* \text{box } f(u)[M/u] \equiv \text{box } f(u[M/u]) \equiv \text{box } f(M)$$
- ... so we have achieved precisely **nothing**.

Intensional Operations, with success

- Solution: **restrict everything to closed terms:**

$$\mathcal{T}(A) = \{ M \mid \cdot ; \cdot \vdash M : A \}$$

- ... and for each $f : \mathcal{T}(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(B)$

add a constant $\tilde{f} : \Box A \rightarrow \Box B$

with reduction $\tilde{f}(\text{box } M) \rightarrow \text{box } f(M)$

which happens **only when M is closed.**

- It so happens that this is confluent! Will see in a moment.

III. Intensional Recursion

Löb's rule

Without further ado:

$$\frac{\Delta; \quad \Box A \vdash \quad A}{\Delta; \Gamma \vdash \quad \Box A}$$

Observation by Abramsky: if one erases the boxes, it's PCF!

We use this form, prompted by proof-theoretic considerations (see K, LICS 2017).

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$$\frac{\Delta ; z : \Box A \vdash M : A}{\Delta ; \Gamma \vdash \text{fix } z \text{ in box } M : \Box A}$$

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An objection

“But Löb’s rule, in conjunction with **S4**, means that every type is inhabited!”

Indeed, if we let $\text{eval}_A \equiv \lambda x. \text{let box } u \Leftarrow x \text{ in } u$

$$\Omega_A \equiv \text{fix } z \text{ in box eval}_A z$$

then $\vdash \Omega_A : \Box A$ and hence $\vdash \text{eval}_A \Omega_A : A$

with $\Omega_A \rightarrow \text{box} (\text{eval}_A \Omega_A)$ and $\text{eval}_A \Omega_A \rightarrow^* \text{eval}_A \Omega_A$

Answer: **It’s OK**. If we want general recursion, which the SRT gives, there will be non-normalising terms. Like PCF, not a logic but a programming language: **the terms still matter**.

Confluence

- As long as we do not admit $\frac{M \longrightarrow N}{\text{box } M \longrightarrow \text{box } N}$,

THEOREM. The resulting system is confluent, and hence consistent.

- The proof uses the standard parallel reduction method of Tait and Martin-Löf.
- The fact that intensional operations only reduce when the term is closed is crucial to the argument.

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